

Pityoulish Investments Fund

Annual Report

for the year ended 30 September 2025

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Pityoulish Investments Fund

Report of the Authorised Corporate Director ('ACD')

Tutman Fund Solutions Limited ('TFSL') (previously Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited), as ACD, presents herewith the Annual Report for Pityoulish Investments Fund for the year ended 30 September 2025.

Pityoulish Investments Fund ('the Company' or 'the Fund') is an authorised open-ended investment company with variable capital ('ICVC') further to an authorisation order dated 10 July 2008. The Company is incorporated under registration number IC000665. It is a non-UCITS retail scheme ('NURS') complying with the investment and borrowing powers rules in the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook ('COLL') and the Investment Funds sourcebook ('FUND'), as published by the Financial Conduct Authority ('FCA'). As the Company is a NURS, the ACD also acts as Alternative Investment Fund Manager ('AIFM') in order to comply with the Alternative Investment Fund Manager's Directive ('AIFMD').

The ACD is of the opinion that it is appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of the accounts as the assets of the Company consist predominantly of securities which are readily realisable and, accordingly, the Company has adequate financial resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Further, appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, have been used in the preparation of these accounts and applicable accounting standards have been followed.

The Financial Stability Board ('FSB') created the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ('TCFD') to improve and increase reporting of climate-related financial information. TFSL have produced TCFD reports in compliance with the FCA's rules on climate-related financial disclosures. The TCFD Product report is designed to help you understand the impact the Company has on the climate and equally how climate change could influence the performance of the Company. The report will also give you the ability to compare a range of climate metrics with other funds. To understand the governance, strategy, and risk management that TFSL has in place to manage the risks and opportunities related to climate change, please refer to the TCFD Entity report. These reports are available on our website <https://www.tutman.co.uk>.

The shareholders are not liable for the debts of the Company.

The Company has no Directors other than the ACD.

The Instrument of Incorporation can be inspected at the offices of the ACD.

Copies of the Prospectus and Key Investor Information Document ('KIID') are available on request free of charge from the ACD.

Investment objective and policy

The objective of the Company is to protect and grow the capital and income streams from a diversified portfolio of equities, bonds and both regulated and unregulated collective investment schemes. There may be occasions when the Investment Manager chooses to hold a significant proportion of the Company in cash and near cash instruments. There will be no emphasis placed on any particular economic, industrial or geographical sector. The Company may also invest in other transferable securities, warrants, money markets instruments, deposits and other permitted investments.

The Company may invest in immovable property on the giving of 60 days' notice to shareholders by the ACD. It is the ACD's intention that derivatives and forward transactions be used for hedging purposes using efficient portfolio management style techniques.

The Company will be managed in a manner that maintains eligibility for the stocks and shares component of an individual savings account.

Report of the Authorised Corporate Director (continued)

Changes affecting the Company in the year

On 30 June 2025, Thesis Holdings Limited bought Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited. Following the completion of the acquisition of Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited, the company has been renamed to Tutman Fund Solutions Limited.

Further information in relation to the Company is illustrated on page 33.

In accordance with the requirements of the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook and the Investment Funds sourcebook, we hereby certify the Annual Report on behalf of the ACD, Tutman Fund Solutions Limited.

Jenny Shanley
Director
Tutman Fund Solutions Limited
19 December 2025

Statement of the Authorised Corporate Director's responsibilities

The Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook ('COLL') and the Investment Funds sourcebook ('FUND') published by the FCA, require the Authorised Corporate Director ('ACD') to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting period which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and of the net revenue and net capital gains on the scheme property of the Company for the year.

In preparing the financial statements the ACD is responsible for:

- selecting suitable accounting policies and then applying them consistently;
- making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- following UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland;
- complying with the disclosure requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice for the Financial Statements of UK Authorised Funds ('the SORP') issued by The Investment Association in May 2014 and amended in June 2017;
- keeping proper accounting records which enable it to demonstrate that the financial statements as prepared comply with the above requirements;
- assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern;
- using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so;
- such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error;
- taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and irregularities; and
- the maintenance and integrity of the Company's information on the ACD's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

COLL also requires the ACD to carry out an Assessment of Value on the Company previously published within the Annual Report, this assessment can now be found on the ACD's website at:

<https://www.tutman.co.uk/literature/>.

The ACD is responsible for the management of the Company in accordance with the Instrument of Incorporation, the Prospectus, COLL and FUND.

Report of the Depositary to the shareholders of Pityoulish Investments Fund

Depositary's responsibilities

The Depositary must ensure that the Company is managed in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook, the Investment Funds sourcebook, the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001 (SI 2001/1228) (the OEIC regulations), as amended, the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended, (together 'the Regulations'), the Instrument of Incorporation and Prospectus (together 'the Scheme documents') as detailed below.

The Depositary must in the context of its role act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and in the interests of the Company and its investors.

The Depositary is responsible for the safekeeping of all custodial assets and maintaining a record of all other assets of the Company in accordance with the Regulations.

The Depositary must ensure that:

- the Company's cash flows are properly monitored and that cash of the Company is booked into the cash accounts in accordance with the Regulations;
- the sale, issue, redemption and cancellation of shares are carried out in accordance with the
- the value of shares of the Company are calculated in accordance with the Regulations;
- any consideration relating to transactions in the Company's assets is remitted to the Company within the usual time limits;
- the Company's revenue is applied in accordance with the Regulations; and
- the instructions of the Alternative Investment Fund Manager ('AIFM') are carried out (unless they conflict with the Regulations).

The Depositary also has a duty to take reasonable care to ensure that the Company is managed in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents in relation to the investment and borrowing powers applicable to the Company.

Having carried out such procedures as we consider necessary to discharge our responsibilities as Depositary of the Company, it is our opinion, based on the information available to us and the explanations provided, that in all material respects the Company, acting through the AIFM:

- (i) has carried out the issue, sale, redemption and cancellation, and calculation of the price of the Company's shares and the application of the Company's revenue in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents of the Company; and
- (ii) has observed the investment and borrowing powers and restrictions applicable to the Company.

NatWest Trustee and Depositary Services Limited

19 December 2025

Independent Auditor's report to the shareholders of Pityoulish Investments Fund

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Pityoulish Investments Fund (the 'Company') for the year ended 30 September 2025, which comprise the Statement of total return, Statement of change in net assets attributable to shareholders, Balance sheet, the related Notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies and the Distribution table. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- Give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 September 2025 and of the net revenue and the net capital gains on the scheme property of the Company for the year then ended;
- Have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- Have been prepared in accordance with the Investment Association Statement of Recommended Practice for Authorised Funds, the rules of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook (COLL Rules) of the Financial Conduct Authority and the Instrument of Incorporation.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions Relating to Going Concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Authorised Corporate Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Authorised Corporate Director with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Authorised Corporate Director is responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on Other Matters Prescribed by the COLL Rules

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- Proper accounting records for the Company have been kept and the accounts are in agreement with those records;
- We have received all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit; and
- The information given in the Report of the Authorised Corporate Director for the year is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's report to the shareholders of Pityoulish Investments Fund (continued)

Responsibilities of the Authorised Corporate Director

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Authorised Corporate Director's responsibilities set out on page 4, the Authorised Corporate Director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Authorised Corporate Director determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Authorised Corporate Director is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Authorised Corporate Director either intends to wind up the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

We assessed whether the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations by considering their experience, past performance and support available.

All engagement team members were briefed on relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks at the planning stage of the audit. Engagement team members were reminded to remain alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Company and the sector in which it operates, focusing on those provisions that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The most relevant frameworks we identified include:

- UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 102 and the IA Statement of Recommended Practice for Authorised Funds;
- The Financial Conduct Authority's COLL Rules;
- The Financial Conduct Authority's Investment Funds sourcebook; and
- The Company's Prospectus.

We gained an understanding of how the Company is complying with these laws and regulations by making enquiries of the Authorised Corporate Director. We corroborated these enquiries through our review of submitted returns, external inspections, relevant correspondence with regulatory bodies and the Company's breaches register.

Independent Auditor's report to the shareholders of Pityoulish Investments Fund (continued)

Auditor Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud (continued)

We assessed the susceptibility of the financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, by meeting with management and those charged with governance to understand where it was considered there was susceptibility to fraud. This evaluation also considered how the Authorised Corporate Director was remunerated and whether this provided an incentive for fraudulent activity. We considered the overall control environment and how the Authorised Corporate Director oversees the implementation and operation of controls. In areas of the financial statements where the risks were considered to be higher, we performed procedures to address each identified risk. We identified a heightened fraud risk in relation to:

- Management override of controls; and
- The completeness and classification of special dividends between revenue and capital.

In addition to the above, the following procedures were performed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free of material fraud or error:

- Reviewing the level of and reasoning behind the Company's procurement of legal and professional services;
- Performing audit work procedures over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business, review of a pre sign-off Net Asset Valuation (NAV) statement for any unexpected activity and reviewing judgements made by the Authorised Corporate Director in its calculation of accounting estimates for potential management bias;
- Using a third-party independent data source to assess the completeness of the special dividend population and determining whether special dividends recognised were revenue or capital in nature with reference to the underlying circumstances of the investee companies' dividend payments;
- Assessing the Company's compliance with the key requirements of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook, Investment Funds sourcebook and its Prospectus;
- Completion of appropriate checklists and use of our experience to assess the Company's compliance with the IA Statement of Recommended Practice for Authorised Funds; and
- Agreement of the financial statement disclosures to supporting documentation.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it.

Use of Our Report

This report is made solely to the Company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Rule 4.5.12 of the COLL Rules issued by the Financial Conduct Authority under the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Johnston Carmichael LLP
Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor
Bishop's Court
29 Albyn Place
Aberdeen AB10 1YL
19 December 2025

Accounting policies of Pityoulish Investments Fund

for the year ended 30 September 2025

a Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments. They have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ('FRS 102') and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds ('the SORP') published by The Investment Association in May 2014 and amended in June 2017, and the requirements of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook ('COLL') and the Investment Funds sourcebook ('FUND').

The ACD has considered a detailed assessment of the Fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due, including liquidity, declines in global capital markets and investor redemption levels. Based on this assessment, the Fund continues to be open for trading and the ACD is satisfied the Fund has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for at least the next 12 months and accordingly it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

b Valuation of investments

The purchases and sales of investments are included up to close of business on the last business day of the accounting year.

Purchases and sales of investments are recognised when a legally binding and unconditional right to obtain, or an obligation to deliver an asset arises.

The quoted investments of the Fund have been valued at the global closing bid-market prices excluding any accrued interest in the case of debt securities ruling on the principal markets on which the stocks are quoted on the last business day of the accounting year.

Collective investment schemes are valued at the bid price for dual priced funds and at the single price for single priced funds and are valued at their most recent published price prior to the close of business valuation on 30 September 2025.

c Foreign exchange

The base currency of the Fund is UK sterling which is taken to be the Fund's functional currency.

All transactions in foreign currencies are converted into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the dates of such transactions. The resulting exchange differences are disclosed in note 2 of the Notes to the financial statements.

Any foreign currency assets and liabilities at the end of the accounting period are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date.

d Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the Statement of total return on the following basis:

Dividends from quoted equity instruments and non equity shares are recognised as revenue, net of attributable tax credits on the date when the securities are quoted ex-dividend.

Overseas dividends are recognised as revenue gross of any withholding tax and the tax consequences are recognised within the tax expense.

Distributions from collective investment schemes are recognised as revenue on the date the securities are quoted ex-dividend. Equalisation on distributions from collective investment schemes is deducted from the cost of the investment and does not form part of the Fund's distribution.

Distributions from collective investment schemes which are re-invested on behalf of the Fund are recognised as revenue on the date the securities are quoted ex-dividend and form part of the Fund's distribution.

Special dividends are treated as either revenue or a repayment of capital depending on the facts of each particular case.

Interest on bank deposits and short term deposits is recognised on an accruals basis.

Accounting policies of Pityoulish Investments Fund for the year ended 30 September 2025

e Expenses

All expenses, other than those relating to the purchase and sale of investments, are charged to revenue on an accrual basis.

Bank interest paid is charged to revenue.

f Taxation

Tax payable on profits is recognised as an expense in the period in which profits arise. The tax effects of tax losses available to carry forward are recognised as an asset when it is probable that future taxable profits will be available, against which these losses can be utilised.

UK corporation tax is provided as amounts to be paid/recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at 30 September 2025 to pay more or less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current rates and tax laws. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provision for deferred tax assets are only made to the extent the timing differences are expected to be of future benefit.

All foreign dividend revenue is recognised as a gross amount which includes any withholding tax deducted at source. Where foreign tax is withheld in excess of the applicable treaty rate a tax debtor is recognised to the extent that the overpayment is considered recoverable.

When a disposal of a holding in a non-reporting offshore fund is made, any gain is an offshore income gain and tax will be charged to capital. There may be instances where tax relief is due to revenue for the utilisation of excess management expenses.

g Efficient Portfolio Management

Where appropriate, certain permitted instruments such as derivatives or forward currency contracts may be used for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes. Where such instruments are used to protect or enhance revenue, the revenue or expenses derived therefrom are included in the Statement of total return as revenue related items and form part of the distribution. Where such instruments are used to protect or enhance capital, the gains and losses derived therefrom are included in the Statement of total return as capital related items.

h Dilution levy

The need to charge a dilution levy will depend on the volume of sales or redemptions. The ACD may charge a discretionary dilution levy on the sale and redemption of shares if, in its opinion, the existing shareholders (for sales) or remaining shareholders (for redemptions) might otherwise be adversely affected, and if charging a dilution levy is, so far as practicable, fair to all shareholders and potential shareholders. Please refer to the Prospectus for further information.

i Distribution policies

i Basis of distribution

The distribution policy is to distribute all available revenue after deduction of expenses payable from revenue. Distributions attributable to income shares are paid to shareholders.

ii Revenue

All revenue is included in the final distribution with reference to policy d.

iii Expenses

Expenses incurred against the revenue of the Fund are included in the final distribution, subject to any expense which may be transferred to capital for the purpose of calculating the distribution, with reference to policy e.

iv Equalisation

Group 2 shares are shares purchased on or after the previous XD date and before the current XD date. Equalisation applies only to group 2 shares. Equalisation is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of group 2 shares and is refunded to holders of these shares as a return of capital. Being capital it is not liable to income tax in the hands of the shareholders but must be deducted from the cost of shares for capital gains tax purposes. Equalisation per share is disclosed in the Distribution table.

Investment Manager's report

Investment performance*

Fund performance: +8.3% (TR based on 12pm bid prices)

Comparative benchmark ARC Sterling Equity Risk PCI: +8.6% (TR)

Over the reporting year, our holding in Standard Chartered continued its strong run and was easily the best performer (+81%), along with Prudential (+50%). Geo-political issues helped to keep increased European spending on defence in the news and BAE Systems continued to attract investor support (+67%). US technology overcame the nerves around DeepSeek and our technology holdings rebounded to finish the reporting year with strong contributions – Polar Cap Tech Trust + 46%, Alphabet + 38% and the tech exposed Baillie Gifford US Fund was +32% over the period.

On the negative side, the long held “quality” stocks in the consumer space continued to struggle with Diageo -31%, Pernod Ricard -35% and Croda -36%.

Investment commentary

The reporting year has been dominated by the politics of a second Trump presidency and the continued optimism around Artificial Intelligence ('AI') and its ability to transform productivity and profitability. Following November's US election result investors anticipated a lower tax, lower interest rate environment and optimism was dominant. As a result, the markets ended 2024 with a “Trump Bump” in anticipation of positive outcomes. The first quarter of 2025 has delivered a more troubled background for investors with US tech leaders stalling on the news suggesting Chinese AI company DeepSeek had made considerable inroads on US AI option ChatGPT. DeepSeek's V3 model was developed at a fraction of the cost of Western alternatives, challenging the received wisdom of established US dominance in this area.

In April, markets struggled as President Trump's “Liberation Day” tariff announcements on 2 April increased uncertainty and pointed to higher inflation risks for US consumers. Investors prefer stable conditions and the news flow out of the US was prolific and changeable – unsettling bond, equity and currency markets. Over the summer, nerves settled, and news from the large US tech companies did not disappoint. Monetary policy begun to ease and there have been intermittent periods of optimism over the geo-political outlook.

Investment activities

Few changes were made in the first half of the reporting period, but recent stock moves have resulted in more fund activity. Following more positivity towards the UK equity market, we sold into strength and continued to internationalise the Pityoulish Fund with sales of shares in UK companies such as Whitbread, Sage Group, Safestore, Howden Joinery Group, Bodycode & Compass Group. Monies were invested into US companies such as PepsiCo, Honeywell International, Zoetis & Verizon Communications and into the EU (Sanofi & Danone) and Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing in Asia. We continue to look at all our investments regularly to see if any individual holdings look particularly disadvantaged, and to try to identify any positive opportunities for new investments.

Investment strategy and outlook

Recent corporate earnings reports have been reasonably supportive for equity markets. Our central investment case looks towards slow but positive growth, and we expect a few more interest rate cuts to come.

Over the longer term, we retain the view that equities remain the best way to protect from rising inflation as companies can reduce costs, increase prices and improve market share. We continue to look for good quality companies, well managed and with strong market positions who will be best positioned to manage the bumps in the economic road ahead. We also will continue to gradually reduce our UK equity exposure taking a more global position over the long term.

Adam & Company Investment Management Limited
21 November 2025

*Source: Tutman Fund Solutions Limited & FactSet.

Portfolio changes

for the year ended 30 September 2025

The following represents the total purchases and sales in the year to reflect a clearer picture of activities.

	Cost
	£
Purchases:	
Verizon Communications	236,499
Total Energies	224,694
First Sentier Investors ICVC - Stewart Investors Asia Pacific Leaders Sustainability	213,038
Amazon.com	197,091
Danone	181,881
Sanofi	178,222
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing ADR	177,587
Zoetis	172,498
Alphabet 'A'	170,687
ASML Holding	164,532
Honeywell International	160,868
PepsiCo	117,385
Danaher	94,726
Nestlé	35,872
Roche Holding	28,731
	Proceeds
	£
Sales:	
BAE Systems	264,618
Shell	256,822
BHP Group	235,173
Bodycode	183,873
Sage Group	183,699
Londonmetric Property	177,071
Compass Group	175,684
Legal and General Group	174,649
Softcat	167,239
Howden Joinery Group	151,170
Whitbread	146,750
Safestore	103,671
Veralto	25,073
Digital	19,051

Portfolio statement
as at 30 September 2025

Investment	Nominal value or holding	Market value £	% of total net assets
Equities 51.65% (55.78%)			
Equities - United Kingdom 25.8% (39.13%)			
Equities - incorporated in the United Kingdom 24.71% (37.40%)			
Energy 0.91% (2.30%)			
BP	40,000	170,280	0.91
Materials 3.51% (4.31%)			
Croda International	4,712	127,365	0.68
Hill & Smith Holdings	14,000	285,600	1.53
Rio Tinto	5,000	244,375	1.30
		657,340	3.51
Industrials 5.22% (8.93%)			
Ashtead Group	3,000	148,950	0.80
BAE Systems	15,000	308,700	1.65
Bunzl	12,000	281,520	1.50
RELX	6,700	238,319	1.27
		977,489	5.22
Consumer Discretionary 1.93% (4.85%)			
Compass Group	7,400	187,146	1.00
Greggs	10,900	174,727	0.93
		361,873	1.93
Consumer Staples 2.75% (3.21%)			
Diageo	7,500	133,125	0.71
Reckitt Benckiser Group	3,200	182,912	0.98
Unilever	4,500	198,000	1.06
		514,037	2.75
Health Care 2.57% (2.52%)			
GSK	13,600	214,064	1.14
Smith & Nephew	20,000	267,400	1.43
		481,464	2.57
Financials 5.10% (4.87%)			
Legal & General Group	70,000	166,600	0.89
M&G	120,000	303,600	1.62
Prudential	12,000	124,920	0.67
Standard Chartered	25,000	358,875	1.92
		953,995	5.10

Portfolio statement (continued)
as at 30 September 2025

	Nominal value or holding	Market value £	% of total net assets
Investment			
Equities (continued)			
Equities - United Kingdom (continued)			
Equities - incorporated in the United Kingdom (continued)			
Information Technology 0.88% (2.66%)			
Sage Group	15,000	<u>165,000</u>	<u>0.88</u>
Utilities 1.84% (1.91%)			
National Grid	32,291	<u>344,707</u>	<u>1.84</u>
Total equities - incorporated in the United Kingdom		<u>4,626,185</u>	<u>24.71</u>
Equities - incorporated outwith the United Kingdom 1.09% (1.73%)			
Industrials 1.09% (1.24%)			
Experian	5,500	<u>204,655</u>	<u>1.09</u>
Real Estate 0% (0.49%)		-	-
Total equities - incorporated outwith the United Kingdom		<u>204,655</u>	<u>1.09</u>
Total equities - United Kingdom		<u>4,830,840</u>	<u>25.80</u>
Equities - Europe 9.80% (6.04%)			
Equities - France 4.29% (1.63%)			
Danone	3,100	200,543	1.07
LVMH Moët Hennessy Louis Vuitton	250	113,572	0.61
Pernod Ricard	1,250	90,967	0.49
Sanofi	2,500	171,372	0.91
Total Energies	5,000	<u>225,704</u>	<u>1.21</u>
Total equities - France		<u>802,158</u>	<u>4.29</u>
Equities - Ireland 0.97% (1.20%)			
Kerry Group (Euronext Dublin)	1,500	97,927	0.52
Kerry Group (London Main Market)	1,250	83,570	0.45
Total equities - Ireland		<u>181,497</u>	<u>0.97</u>
Equities - Netherlands 1.16% (0.00%)			
ASML Holding	300	<u>216,408</u>	<u>1.16</u>
Total equities - Netherlands		<u>216,408</u>	<u>1.16</u>
Equities - Switzerland 3.38% (3.21%)			
Nestlé	2,500	170,549	0.91
Novartis	3,000	280,422	1.50
Roche Holding	750	181,986	0.97
Total equities - Switzerland		<u>632,957</u>	<u>3.38</u>
Total equities - Europe		<u>1,833,020</u>	<u>9.80</u>

Portfolio statement (continued)
as at 30 September 2025

Investment	Nominal value or holding	Market value £	% of total net assets
Equities - United States 14.89% (8.88%)			
Alphabet 'A'	1,300	234,710	1.25
Amazon.com	1,200	195,681	1.05
Danaher	1,500	220,713	1.18
Deere	550	186,720	1.00
Honeywell International	1,000	156,345	0.84
Mastercard	450	190,045	1.02
Microsoft	1,500	577,092	3.08
PepsiCo	2,200	229,388	1.23
Stryker	1,000	274,526	1.47
Verizon Communications	7,500	244,735	1.31
Walt Disney	1,300	110,528	0.59
Zoetis	1,500	162,953	0.87
Total equities - United States		<u>2,783,436</u>	<u>14.89</u>
Equities - Taiwan 1.16% (0.00%)			
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing ADR	1,050	<u>217,776</u>	<u>1.16</u>
Equities - Australia 0% (1.73%)		-	-
Total equities		<u>9,665,072</u>	<u>51.65</u>
Closed-Ended Funds 17.12% (15.17%)			
Closed-Ended Funds - United Kingdom 17.12% (15.17%)			
Closed-Ended Funds - incorporated in the United Kingdom 15.51% (13.48%)			
Aberforth Smaller Companies Trust	40,000	612,000	3.27
Polar Capital Technology Trust	386,000	1,686,820	9.01
Scottish Oriental Smaller Companies Trust	100,000	279,000	1.49
Templeton Emerging Markets Investment Trust	150,000	326,250	1.74
Total closed-ended funds - incorporated in the United Kingdom		<u>2,904,070</u>	<u>15.51</u>
Closed-Ended Funds - incorporated outwith the United Kingdom 1.61% (1.69%)			
Aberdeen Asian Income Fund	120,000	<u>301,200</u>	<u>1.61</u>
Total closed-ended funds - incorporated outwith the United Kingdom		<u>301,200</u>	<u>1.61</u>
Total closed-ended funds - United Kingdom		<u>3,205,270</u>	<u>17.12</u>
Total closed-ended funds		<u>3,205,270</u>	<u>17.12</u>
Collective Investment Schemes 28.87% (26.88%)			
UK Authorised Collective Investment Schemes 18.95% (17.29%)			
Baillie Gifford Investment Funds II ICVC - Japanese Income Growth Fund	470,000	706,880	3.78
Baillie Gifford Overseas Growth Funds ICVC - American Fund	70,000	1,208,897	6.46
First Sentier Investors ICVC - Stewart Investors Asia Pacific Leaders Sustainability	80,000	856,320	4.58
FP WHEB Sustainability Fund	150,000	303,645	1.62
Threadneedle Investment Funds ICVC - European Select Fund	140,000	469,966	2.51
Total UK authorised collective investment schemes		<u>3,545,708</u>	<u>18.95</u>

Portfolio statement (continued)
as at 30 September 2025

Investment	Nominal value or holding	Market value £	% of total net assets
Offshore Collective Investment Schemes 9.92% (9.59%)			
Findlay Park American Fund	4,000	691,283	3.69
L&G Cyber Security UCITS ETF	10,000	240,500	1.29
L&G ROBO Global Robotics and Automation UCITS ETF	10,000	194,850	1.04
Lazard Global Listed Infrastructure Equity Fund	28,352	410,556	2.19
Pacific Capital Ucits Funds PLC-Pacific North of South EM All Cap Equity	20,000	319,900	1.71
Total offshore collective investment schemes		<u>1,857,089</u>	<u>9.92</u>
Total collective investment schemes		<u>5,402,797</u>	<u>28.87</u>
Portfolio of investments		18,273,139	97.64
Other net assets		441,302	2.36
Total net assets		<u>18,714,441</u>	<u>100.00</u>

All investments are listed on recognised stock exchanges and are approved securities or regulated collective investment schemes within the meaning of the FCA rules unless otherwise stated.

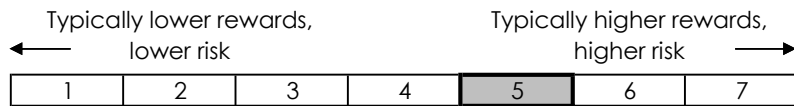
The comparative figures in brackets are as at 30 September 2024.

United Kingdom equities are grouped in accordance with Global Industry Classification Standard ('GICS').

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Risk and reward profile*

The risk and reward indicator table demonstrates where the Fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Fund. The shaded area in the table below shows the Fund's ranking on the risk and reward indicator.



The Fund is in a higher category because the price of its investments have risen or fallen frequently and more dramatically than some other types of investment. The category shown is not guaranteed to remain unchanged and may shift over time. Even the lowest category does not mean a risk-free investment.

For full details on risk factors for the Fund, please refer to the Prospectus.

There have been no changes to the risk and reward indicator in the year.

* As per the KIID published on 2 July 2025.

Comparative table

The following disclosures give a shareholder an indication of the performance of a share in the Fund. It also discloses the operating charges and direct transaction costs applied to each share. Operating charges are those charges incurred in operating the Fund and direct transaction costs are costs incurred when purchasing or selling securities in the portfolio of investments.

	2025	2024	2023
	p	p	p
Net Income Shares			
Change in net assets per share			
Opening net asset value per share	249.18	223.32	209.03
Return before operating charges	23.76	31.90	20.19
Operating charges	(3.10)	(2.88)	(2.67)
Return after operating charges *	20.66	29.02	17.52
Distributions [^]	(2.89)	(3.16)	(3.23)
Closing net asset value per share	266.95	249.18	223.32
* after direct transaction costs of:	0.05	0.04	0.03
<hr/>			
Performance			
Return after charges	8.29%	12.99%	8.38%
<hr/>			
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£)	18,714,441	17,377,004	15,389,892
Closing number of shares	7,010,574	6,973,766	6,891,418
Operating charges ^{^^}	1.23%	1.20%	1.20%
Direct transaction costs	0.02%	0.02%	0.01%
<hr/>			
Published prices			
Highest share price	268.2	251.5	232.2
Lowest share price	220.0	216.1	206.8

Investments carry risk. Past performance is not a guide to future performance. Investors may not get back the amount invested.

[^] Rounded to 2 decimal places.

^{^^} The operating charges are represented by the Ongoing Charges Figure ('OCF'). The OCF consists principally of the ACD's periodic charge and the Investment Manager's fee which are included in the annual management charge, but also includes the costs for other services paid. It is indicative of the charges which may occur in a year as it is calculated on historical data.

The OCF includes expenses incurred by underlying holdings of collective investment schemes and closed ended vehicles such as investment trusts in relation to the Fund (the synthetic 'OCF'). Following guidance issued by the Investment Association on 30 November 2023, the synthetic OCF calculation no longer includes closed ended vehicles.

Financial statements - Pityoulish Investments Fund

Statement of total return

for the year ended 30 September 2025

	Notes	2025		2024	
		£	£	£	£
Income:					
Net capital gains	2		1,241,528		1,785,443
Revenue	3	392,279		393,904	
Expenses	4	<u>(177,690)</u>		<u>(164,264)</u>	
Net revenue before taxation		214,589		229,640	
Taxation	5	<u>(12,800)</u>		<u>(10,361)</u>	
Net revenue after taxation			<u>201,789</u>		<u>219,279</u>
Total return before distributions			1,443,317		2,004,722
Distributions	6		(201,742)		(219,274)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities			<u>1,241,575</u>		<u>1,785,448</u>

Statement of change in net assets attributable to shareholders

for the year ended 30 September 2025

	2025		2024	
	£	£	£	£
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders		17,377,004		15,389,892
Amounts receivable on issue of shares	95,862		204,891	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	<u>-</u>		<u>(3,227)</u>	
		95,862		201,664
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities		1,241,575		1,785,448
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		<u>18,714,441</u>		<u>17,377,004</u>

Balance sheet
as at 30 September 2025

	Notes	2025 £	2024 £
Assets:			
Fixed assets:			
Investments		18,273,139	17,000,067
Current assets:			
Debtors	7	18,358	32,443
Cash and bank balances	8	558,298	481,214
Total assets		<u>18,849,795</u>	<u>17,513,724</u>
Liabilities:			
Creditors:			
Distribution payable		(110,697)	(126,644)
Other creditors	9	(24,657)	(10,076)
Total liabilities		<u>(135,354)</u>	<u>(136,720)</u>
Net assets attributable to shareholders		<u><u>18,714,441</u></u>	<u><u>17,377,004</u></u>

Notes to the financial statements
for the year ended 30 September 2025

1. Accounting policies

The accounting policies are disclosed on pages 9 to 10.

2. Net capital gains

	2025	2024
	£	£
Non-derivative securities - realised gains	502,084	112,621
Non-derivative securities - movement in unrealised gains	752,915	1,674,982
Currency losses	(10,952)	(82)
Forward currency contracts	-	169
Transaction charges	(2,519)	(2,247)
Total net capital gains	<u>1,241,528</u>	<u>1,785,443</u>

3. Revenue

	2025	2024
	£	£
UK revenue	279,232	286,701
Unfranked revenue	6,670	20,917
Overseas revenue	105,017	82,731
Bank and deposit interest	1,360	3,555
Total revenue	<u>392,279</u>	<u>393,904</u>

4. Expenses

	2025	2024
	£	£
Payable to the ACD and associates		
ACD's periodic charge*	42,471	35,659
Investment Manager's fee*	114,290	108,133
	<u>156,761</u>	<u>143,792</u>
Payable to the Depositary		
Depositary fees	<u>8,994</u>	<u>9,006</u>
Other expenses:		
Audit fee	9,136	8,700
Non-executive directors' fees	1,247	1,447
Safe custody fees	786	713
Bank interest	24	1
FCA fee	242	105
KIID production fee	500	500
	<u>11,935</u>	<u>11,466</u>
Total expenses	<u>177,690</u>	<u>164,264</u>

* The annual management charge is 0.89% and includes the ACD's periodic charge and the Investment Manager's fees.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)
for the year ended 30 September 2025

5. Taxation	2025 £	2024 £
<i>a. Analysis of the tax charge for the year</i>		
Overseas tax withheld	12,800	10,361
Total taxation (note 5b)	<u>12,800</u>	<u>10,361</u>

b. Factors affecting the tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower (2024: lower) than the standard rate of UK corporation tax for an authorised collective investment scheme of 20% (2024: 20%). The differences are explained below:

	2025 £	2024 £
Net revenue before taxation	<u>214,589</u>	<u>229,640</u>
Corporation tax @ 20%	42,918	45,928
Effects of:		
UK revenue	(55,847)	(57,340)
Overseas revenue	(21,003)	(16,546)
Overseas tax withheld	12,800	10,361
Excess management expenses	<u>33,932</u>	<u>27,958</u>
Total taxation (note 5a)	<u>12,800</u>	<u>10,361</u>

c. Provision for deferred taxation

At the year end, a deferred tax asset has not been recognised in respect of timing differences relating to excess management expenses as there is insufficient evidence that the asset will be recovered. The amount of the asset not recognised is £370,924 (2024: £336,992).

6. Distributions

The distributions take account of revenue added on the issue of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares, and comprise:

	2025 £	2024 £
Interim income distribution	91,496	93,448
Final income distribution	<u>110,697</u>	<u>126,644</u>
	202,193	220,092
Equalisation:		
Amounts deducted on cancellation of shares	-	20
Amounts added on issue of shares	<u>(451)</u>	<u>(838)</u>
Total net distributions	<u>201,742</u>	<u>219,274</u>
Reconciliation between net revenue and distributions:		
Net revenue after taxation per Statement of total return	201,789	219,279
Undistributed revenue brought forward	16	11
Undistributed revenue carried forward	<u>(63)</u>	<u>(16)</u>
Distributions	<u>201,742</u>	<u>219,274</u>

Details of the distribution per share are disclosed in the Distribution table.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)
for the year ended 30 September 2025

7. Debtors	2025	2024
	£	£
Accrued revenue	17,107	31,191
Recoverable overseas withholding tax	1,084	1,085
Prepaid expenses	167	167
Total debtors	<u>18,358</u>	<u>32,443</u>
8. Cash and cash equivalents	2025	2024
	£	£
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>558,298</u>	<u>481,214</u>
9. Other creditors	2025	2024
	£	£
ACD's periodic charge	3,726	-
Investment Manager's fee	10,473	-
	<u>14,199</u>	<u>-</u>
Other expenses:		
Depository fees	789	-
Safe custody fees	205	126
Audit fee	9,136	8,700
Non-executive directors' fees	-	1,190
FCA fee	100	53
Transaction charges	228	7
	<u>10,458</u>	<u>10,076</u>
Total other creditors	<u>24,657</u>	<u>10,076</u>

10. Commitments and contingent liabilities

At the balance sheet date there are no commitments or contingent liabilities.

11. Share classes

The following reflects the change in shares in issue in the year:

	Net Income
Opening shares in issue	6,973,766
Total shares issued in the year	<u>36,808</u>
Closing shares in issue	<u>7,010,574</u>

Further information in respect of the return per share is disclosed in the Comparative table.

12. Related party transactions

Tutman Fund Solutions Limited (previously Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited), as ACD is a related party due to its ability to act in respect of the operations of the Fund.

The ACD acts as principal in respect of all transactions of shares in the Fund. The aggregate monies received and paid through the creation and cancellation of shares are disclosed in the Statement of change in net assets attributable to shareholders of the Fund.

Amounts payable to the ACD and its associates are disclosed in note 4. The amount due to the ACD and its associates at the balance sheet date is disclosed in note 9.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 30 September 2025

13. Events after the balance sheet date

Subsequent to the year end, the net asset value per income share has increased from 266.95p to 273.32p as at 17 December 2025. This movement takes into account routine transactions but also reflects the market movements of recent months.

14. Transaction costs

a Direct transaction costs

Direct transaction costs include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers; levies by regulatory agencies and security exchanges; and transfer taxes and duties.

Commission is a charge which is deducted from the proceeds of the sale of securities and added to the cost of the purchase of securities. This charge is a payment to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers in respect of their services in executing the trades.

Tax is payable on the purchase of securities in the United Kingdom. It may be the case that 'other taxes' will be charged on the purchase of securities in countries other than the United Kingdom.

The total purchases and sales and the related direct transaction costs incurred in these transactions are as follows:

	Purchases before transaction costs		Commission		Taxes		Financial transaction tax		Purchases after transaction costs
	£	£	%	£	%	£	%	£	
2025									
Equities	2,138,088	3,021	0.14%	-	-	164	0.01%	2,141,273	
Collective Investment Schemes*	213,038	-	-	-	-	-	-	213,038	
Total	2,351,126	3,021	0.14%	-	-	164	0.01%	2,354,311	

* No direct transaction costs were incurred in these transactions.

	Purchases before transaction costs		Commission		Taxes		Financial transaction tax		Purchases after transaction costs
	£	£	%	£	%	£	%	£	
2024									
Equities	736,089	294	0.04%	650	0.09%	1,000	0.14%	738,033	
Closed-Ended Funds	135,350	-	-	679	0.50%	-	-	136,029	
Collective Investment Schemes*	550,478	-	-	-	-	-	-	550,478	
Total	1,421,917	294	0.04%	1,329	0.59%	1,000	0.14%	1,424,540	

* No direct transaction costs were incurred in these transactions.

Capital events amount of £nil (2024: £47,247) is excluded from the total purchases as there were no direct transaction costs charged in these transactions.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 30 September 2025

14. Transaction costs (continued)

a Direct transaction costs (continued)

	Sales before transaction costs		Commission		Taxes		Financial transaction tax		Sales after transaction costs
	£	£	%	£	%	£	%	£	
2025									
Equities	2,245,519	(10)	0.00%	(17)	0.00%	-	-	-	2,245,492
Closed-Ended Funds*	19,051	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,051
Total	2,264,570	(10)	0.00%	(17)	0.00%	-	-	-	2,264,543

* No direct transaction costs were incurred in these transactions.

	Sales before transaction costs		Commission		Taxes		Financial transaction tax		Sales after transaction costs
	£	£	%	£	%	£	%	£	
2024									
Equities	29,421	(5)	0.02%	(1)	0.00%	-	-	-	29,415
Closed-Ended Funds*	298,482	-	-	(2)	0.00%	-	-	-	298,480
Total	327,903	(5)	0.02%	(3)	0.00%	-	-	-	327,895

* No direct transaction costs were incurred in these transactions.

Capital events amount of £86,400 (2024: £193,750) is excluded from the total sales as there were no direct transaction costs charged in these transactions.

Summary of direct transaction costs

The following represents the total of each type of transaction cost, expressed as a percentage of the Fund's average net asset value in the year:

2025	£	% of average net asset value
Commission	3,031	0.02%
Taxes	17	0.00%
Financial transaction tax	164	0.00%

2024	£	% of average net asset value
Commission	299	0.00%
Taxes	1,332	0.01%
Financial transaction tax	1,000	0.01%

b Average portfolio dealing spread

The average portfolio dealing spread is calculated as the difference between the bid and offer value of the portfolio as a percentage of the offer value.

The average portfolio dealing spread of the investments at the balance sheet date was 0.09% (2024: 0.10%).

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 30 September 2025

15. Risk management policies

In pursuing the Fund's investment objective, as set out in the Prospectus, the following are accepted by the ACD as being the main risks from the Fund's holding of financial instruments, either directly or indirectly through its underlying holdings. These are presented with the ACD's policy for managing these risks. To ensure these risks are consistently and effectively managed these are continually reviewed by the risk committee, a body appointed by the ACD, which sets the risk appetite and ensures continued compliance with the management of all known risks.

a Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices and comprise three elements: other price risk, currency risk, and interest rate risk.

(i) Other price risk

The Fund's exposure to price risk comprises mainly of movements in the value of investment positions in the face of price movements.

The main elements of the portfolio of investments exposed to this risk are equities, collective investment schemes and closed-ended funds.

This risk is generally regarded as consisting of two elements: stock specific risk and market risk. Through these two factors, the Fund is exposed to price fluctuations, which are monitored by the ACD in pursuance of the investment objective and policy.

Adhering to investment guidelines and avoiding excessive exposure to one particular issuer can limit stock specific risk. Subject to compliance with the investment objective of the Fund, spreading exposure in the portfolio of investments both globally and across sectors or geography can mitigate market risk.

At 30 September 2025, if the price of the investments held by the Fund increased or decreased by 5%, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders of the Fund would increase or decrease by approximately £913,657 (2024: £850,003).

(ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of investments or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of exchange rate movements. Investment in overseas securities or holdings of foreign currency cash will provide direct exposure to currency risk as a consequence of the movement in foreign exchange rates against sterling. Investments in UK securities investing in overseas securities will give rise to indirect exposure to currency risk. These fluctuations can also affect the profitability of some UK companies, and thus their market prices, as sterling's relative strength or weakness can affect export prospects, the value of overseas earnings in sterling terms, and the prices of imports sold in the UK.

Forward currency contracts may be used to manage the portfolio exposure to currency movements.

The foreign currency risk profile of the Fund's financial instruments and cash holdings at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	Financial instruments and cash holdings	Net debtors and creditors	Total net foreign currency exposure
2025	£	£	£
Euro	1,200,071	1,084	1,201,155
Swiss franc	632,957	-	632,957
US dollar	3,692,497	2,589	3,695,086
Total foreign currency exposure	<u>5,525,525</u>	<u>3,673</u>	<u>5,529,198</u>

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 30 September 2025

15. Risk management policies (continued)

a Market risk (continued)

(ii) Currency risk (continued)

	Financial instruments and cash holdings	Net debtors and creditors	Total net foreign currency exposure
2024	£	£	£
Euro	491,572	924	492,496
Swiss franc	558,416	-	558,416
US dollar	2,222,232	7,177	2,229,409
Total foreign currency exposure	<u>3,272,220</u>	<u>8,101</u>	<u>3,280,321</u>

At 30 September 2025, if the value of sterling increased or decreased by 5% against all other currencies, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders of the Fund would increase or decrease by approximately £276,460 (2024: £164,016).

(iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's investments will fluctuate as a result of interest rate changes.

During the year the Fund's direct exposure to interest rates consisted of cash and bank balances.

The amount of revenue receivable from bank balances or payable on bank overdrafts will be affected by fluctuations in interest rates.

The value of interest bearing securities may be affected by changes in the interest rate environment, either globally or locally.

In the event of a change in interest rates, there would be no material impact upon the net assets of the Fund.

The Fund would not in normal market conditions hold significant cash balances and would have limited borrowing capabilities as stipulated in the COLL rules.

Derivative contracts are not used to hedge against the exposure to interest rate risk.

There is no exposure to interest bearing securities at the balance sheet date.

b Credit risk

This is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. This includes counterparty risk.

The Depositary has appointed the custodian to provide custody services for the assets of the Fund. There is a counterparty risk that the custodian could cease to be in a position to provide custody services to the Fund. The Fund's investments (excluding cash) are ring fenced hence the risk is considered to be negligible.

The Fund holds cash and cash deposits with financial institutions which potentially exposes the Fund to counterparty risk. The credit rating of the financial institution is taken into account so as to minimise the risk to the Fund of default.

Holdings in collective investment schemes are subject to direct credit risk. The exposure to pooled investment vehicles is unrated.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 30 September 2025

15. Risk management policies (continued)

c Liquidity risk

A significant risk is the cancellation of shares which investors may wish to sell and that securities may have to be sold in order to fund such cancellations if insufficient cash is held at the bank to meet this obligation. If there were significant requests for the redemption of shares at a time when a large proportion of the portfolio of investments were not easily tradable due to market volumes or market conditions, the ability to fund those redemptions would be impaired and it might be necessary to suspend dealings in shares in the Fund.

Investments in smaller companies at times may prove illiquid, as by their nature they tend to have relatively modest traded share capital. Shifts in investor sentiment, or the announcement of new price sensitive information, can provoke significant movement in share prices, and make dealing in any quantity difficult.

The Fund may also invest in securities that are not listed or traded on any stock exchange. In such situations the Fund may not be able to immediately sell such securities.

To reduce liquidity risk the ACD will ensure, in line with the limits stipulated within the COLL rules, a substantial portion of the Fund's assets consist of readily realisable securities. This is monitored on a monthly basis and reported to the Risk Committee together with historical outflows of the Fund.

In addition liquidity is subject to stress testing on an annual basis to assess the ability of the Fund to meet large redemptions, while still being able to adhere to its objective guidelines and the FCA investment borrowing regulations.

All of the financial liabilities are payable on demand.

d Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

There is no material difference between the value of the financial assets and liabilities, as shown in the balance sheet, and their fair value.

To ensure this, the fair value pricing committee is a body appointed by the ACD to analyse, review and vote on price adjustments/maintenance where no current secondary market exists and/or where there are potential liquidity issues that would affect the disposal of an asset. In addition, the committee may also consider adjustments to the Fund's price should the constituent investments be exposed to closed markets during general market volatility or instability.

	Investment assets	Investment liabilities
Basis of valuation	2025	2025
	£	£
Quoted prices	13,305,692	-
Observable market data	4,967,447	-
Unobservable data	-	-
	<u>18,273,139</u>	<u>-</u>
	Investment assets	Investment liabilities
Basis of valuation	2024	2024
	£	£
Quoted prices	12,692,682	-
Observable market data	4,307,385	-
Unobservable data	-	-
	<u>17,000,067</u>	<u>-</u>

No securities in the portfolio of investments are valued using valuation techniques.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 30 September 2025

15. Risk management policies (continued)

e Assets subject to special arrangements arising from their illiquid nature

There are no assets held in the portfolio of investments which are subject to special arrangements arising from their illiquid nature.

f Derivatives

The Fund may employ derivatives with the aim of reducing the Fund's risk profile, reducing costs or generating additional capital or revenue, in accordance with Efficient Portfolio Management.

The ACD monitors that any exposure is covered globally to ensure adequate cover is available to meet the Fund's total exposure, taking into account the value of the underlying investments, any reasonably foreseeable market movement, counterparty risk, and the time available to liquidate any positions.

For certain derivative transactions cash margins may be required to be paid to the brokers with whom the trades were executed and settled. These balances are subject to daily reconciliations and are held by the broker in segregated cash accounts that are afforded client money protection.

During the year there were no derivative transactions.

(i) Counterparties

Transactions in securities give rise to exposure to the risk that the counterparties may not be able to fulfil their responsibility by completing their side of the transaction. This risk is mitigated by the Fund using a range of brokers for security transactions, thereby diversifying the risk of exposure to any one broker. In addition the Fund will only transact with brokers who are subject to frequent reviews with whom transaction limits are set.

The Fund may transact in derivative contracts which potentially exposes the Fund to counterparty risk from the counterparty not settling their side of the contract. Transactions involving derivatives are entered into only with investment banks and brokers with appropriate and approved credit rating, which are regularly monitored. Forward currency transactions are only undertaken with the custodians appointed by the Depositary.

At the balance sheet date, there are no securities in the portfolio of investments subject to a repurchase agreement.

(ii) Leverage

The leverage is calculated as the exposure generated through the use of derivatives (calculated in accordance with the commitment approach) divided by the net asset value.

There have been no leveraging arrangements in the year.

(iii) Global exposure

Global exposure is a measure designed to limit the leverage generated by a fund through the use of financial derivative instruments, including derivatives with embedded assets.

At the balance sheet date there is no global exposure to derivatives.

There have been no collateral arrangements in the year.

Distribution table

for the year ended 30 September 2025

Interim distributions in pence per share

Group 1 - Shares purchased before 1 October 2024

Group 2 - Shares purchased 1 October 2024 to 31 March 2025

	Net revenue	Equalisation	Total distributions 31 May 2025	Total distributions 31 May 2024
Net Income				
Group 1	1.312	-	1.312	1.348
Group 2	1.312	-	1.312	1.348

Final distributions in pence per share

Group 1 - Shares purchased before 1 April 2025

Group 2 - Shares purchased 1 April 2025 to 30 September 2025

	Net revenue	Equalisation	Total distributions 31 January 2026	Total distributions 31 January 2025
Net Income				
Group 1	1.579	-	1.579	1.816
Group 2	0.355	1.224	1.579	1.816

Equalisation

Equalisation applies only to group 2 shares. It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of group 2 shares and is refunded to holders of these shares as a return of capital. Being capital it is not liable to income tax in the hands of the shareholders but must be deducted from the cost of shares for capital gains tax purposes.

Remuneration

Remuneration code disclosure

The remuneration committee is responsible for setting the remuneration policy for all partners, directors and employees within Evelyn Partners Group Limited ('the Group'), including individuals designated as Material Risk Takers (MRTs) under the Remuneration Code. The remuneration policy is designed to be compliant with the Code and provides a framework to attract, retain, motivate and reward partners, directors and employees. The overall policy is designed to promote the long-term success of the group and to support prudent risk management, with particular attention to conduct risk.

Remuneration committee

The remuneration committee report contained in the Group Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 includes details on the remuneration policy. The remuneration committee comprises three independent non-executive directors¹ and is governed by formal terms of reference, which are reviewed and agreed by the board. The committee met seven times during 2024.

Remuneration policy

The main principles of the remuneration policy are:

- aligns the interests of employees with those of our clients/customers and investors;
- is compliant with relevant regulation and considers market best practice;
- is pragmatic, flexible, economic, and considers the commercial objectives of the business;
- is competitive and helps the Group attract and retain talented people;
- encourages behaviours consistent with the Group's values, ambitions, strategy, and risk appetite (including environmental, social and governance risk factors);
- supports the delivery of fair outcomes for our clients; and
- is clear, fair, free from bias and based on objective criteria that avoids discrimination (including gender).

The policy is designed to reward partners, directors and employees for delivery of both financial and non-financial objectives which are set in line with company strategy. As part of a "balanced scorecard" approach to variable remuneration non-financial criteria including, but not limited to, compliance and risk issues, client management, supervision, leadership and teamwork are considered alongside financial performance.

Remuneration systems

Fixed pay is determined by considering an employee's role and responsibilities, external market information, and internal budgets/affordability. The remuneration committee considers all of these factors when determining appropriate salary/fixed profit share budgets as part of the annual pay review, and by exception any increases outside of the annual pay review.

Evelyn Partners operates Discretionary Incentive Plans (DIP) – these are discretionary bonus schemes that enable employees to be recognised for their hard work and commitment, through linking reward to the performance and outcomes, including client outcomes, of both the business and the individual employee.

Bonus awards under a DIP are made in cash and/or equity awards and are driven by the following factors:

- The financial performance (primarily EBITDA performance) of the business;
- An employee's individual performance in relation to the Group's key performance indicators and financial outcomes;
- An employee's individual performance in relation to behaviours which are in line with the Group's values, which includes client outcomes and regulatory compliance; and
- A risk and control review, which includes client outcomes.

¹ Please note that the data provided for the independent non-executive directors is as at 31 December 2024. The data provided is for independent non-executive directors only.

Remuneration (continued)

Aggregate quantitative information

The total amount of remuneration paid by Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited ('EPFL') is nil as EPFL has no employees. However, a number of employees have remuneration costs recharged to EPFL and the annualised remuneration for these 70 employees is £3.58 million of which £3.19 million is fixed remuneration. This is based on the salary and benefits for those identified as working in EPFL as at 31 December 2024. Any variable remuneration is awarded for the year ended 31 December 2024. This information excludes any senior management or other Material Risk Takers (MRTs) whose remuneration information is detailed below.

Evelyn Partners Group Limited reviews its MRTs at least annually. These individuals are employed by and provide services to other companies in the Group. It is difficult to apportion remuneration for these individuals in respect of their duties to EPFL. For this reason, the aggregate total remuneration awarded for the year ended 31 December 2024 for senior management and other MRTs detailed below has not been apportioned.

Table to show the aggregate remuneration split by Senior Management and other MRTs for EPFL	For the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024				
	Fixed £'000	Cash £'000	Equity £'000	Variable Total £'000	No. MRTs
Senior Management	3,448	2,470	-	5,918	15
Other MRTs	477	338	-	815	5
Total	3,925	2,808	-	6,733	20

Investment Manager

The ACD has appointed Adam & Company Investment Management Limited to provide investment management and related advisory services to the ACD. The Investment Manager is paid a monthly fee out of the scheme property of Pityoulish Investments Fund which is calculated on the total value of the portfolio of investments at the month end. Adam & Company Investment Management Limited are compliant with the Capital Requirements Directive regarding remuneration and therefore their staff are covered by remuneration regulatory requirements.

Further information

Distributions and reporting dates

Where net revenue is available it will be distributed semi-annually on the 31 January (final) and 31 May (interim). In the event of a distribution, shareholders will receive a tax voucher.

XD dates:	01 October	final
	01 April	interim
Reporting dates:	30 September	annual
	31 March	interim

Buying and selling shares

The property of the Fund is valued at 12 noon on Wednesday of each week, but excluding the Wednesday falling in the same week as the last business day of the month, when the Fund will deal on that day; with the exception of any bank holiday in England and Wales or the last business day prior to those days annually where the valuation may be carried out at a time agreed in advance between the ACD and depositary and prices of shares are calculated as at that time. Share dealing is on a forward basis i.e. investors can buy and sell shares at the next valuation point following receipt of the order.

Prices of shares and the estimated yield of the Fund are published on the following website: www.trustnet.com or may be obtained by calling 0141 222 1151.

Benchmark

Shareholders may compare the performance of the Company against the ARC Sterling Equity Risk PCI. Comparison of the Company's performance against this benchmark will give shareholders an indication of how the Company is performing against an index based on the real performance numbers delivered to discretionary private clients by participating investment managers.

The benchmark is not a target for the Company, nor is the Company constrained by the benchmark.

Appointments

ACD and Registered office

Tutman Fund Solutions Limited (previously Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited)
Exchange Building
St John's Street
Chichester 0207 131 4000
West Sussex PO19 1UP
Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Administrator and Registrar

Tutman Fund Solutions Limited (previously Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited)
177 Bothwell Street
Glasgow G2 7ER
Telephone 0141 483 9700 (Dealing)
0141 483 9701 (Enquiries)
Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Directors of the ACD

Neil Coxhead
Stephen Mugford - appointed 1 July 2025
Nicola Palios - appointed 1 July 2025
Jenny Shanley - appointed 13 October 2025
Andrew Baddeley - resigned 31 March 2025
Mayank Prakash - resigned 30 April 2025
Brian McLean - resigned 30 June 2025

Independent Non-Executive Directors of the ACD

Linda Robinson
Sally Macdonald
Carol Lawson - appointed 30 June 2025
Caroline Willson - appointed 30 June 2025
Dean Buckley - resigned 30 June 2025
Victoria Muir - resigned 30 June 2025

Non-Executive Directors of the ACD

Guy Swarbreck - resigned 31 March 2025

Investment Manager

Adam & Company Investment Management Limited
40 Princess Street
Edinburgh EH2 2BY
Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Depositary

NatWest Trustee and Depositary Services Limited
Trustee and Depositary Services
Gogarburn
175 Glasgow Road
Edinburgh EH12 1HQ
Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Auditor

Johnston Carmichael LLP
Bishop's Court
29 Albyn Place
Aberdeen AB10 1YL